BRIDGETON PUBLIC SCHOOLS ESL English Composition Level IV Grades 9-12

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BRIDGETON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Mission Statement

The mission of the Bridgeton Public Schools is to have all pupils meet the Core Curriculum Content Standards and graduate from high school as lifelong learners who will make positive contributions to the community, act with the highest moral and ethical standards, promote equal opportunity, and participate in the advancement of our democratic society.

Vision Statement

To create a transparent school system, with state of the art facilities, clearly focused on having all students achieve academic and interpersonal excellence, supported by committed parents, community members and staff who feel a moral obligation to help all students meet the highest standards.

Bridgeton Board of Education

Thomasina Jones, Ed.D. Superintendent Angelia Edwards Board President

3/9/11

Curriculum Mission Statement

Instruction in the Bridgeton Public School System is based on the belief that students learn best by being actively engaged. Recognizing that students have different learning styles and abilities, teachers, provided with a well-balanced, district-wide curriculum, will use a variety of instructional techniques and make educationally sound decisions based on the analysis of data. It is our goal to provide a research-based curriculum and the proper tools to each teacher in order for them to build student confidence in their abilities to be successful and lifelong learners.

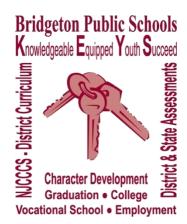
Curriculum Vision Statement

To create an educational community that focuses on empowering all students through a supportive network of specialists in order for them to become successful, motivated learners. All members of the Bridgeton community will share in the responsibility of meeting the educational needs of all students.



BOARD MEMBERS 2013-2014

- Ms. Angelia Edwards President
- Mr. J. Curtis Edwards Vice-President
- Mr. Ricardo Perez
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DISTRICT GOALS

- 1.Improve student achievement as measured by standardized tests, report card grades, and student behavior.
- **2.Improve safety for students and employees.**
- **3.Increase parental and community involvement.**
- 4.Improve district facilities.

COURSE GOALS ESL English Composition Level IV

Students will be able to:

I. Listening:

Demonstrate understanding of new vocabulary in context through inference strategies. Demonstrate understanding of abstract topics in familiar topics.

Demonstrate understanding of the majority of face-to-face speech in English at a normal rate.

II. Speaking:

Express needs and wants with phrases or short sentences.

Clarify meanings using strategies of paraphrasing when misunderstanding occurs.

Ask and answer questions fluently with minimal errors in present, past, and future tenses. Describe a sequence of events in the past, present, and future.

III. Reading:

Interpret narrative and descriptive passages with or without visuals or other aids. Identify main ideas and supporting details.

Identify and use reading strategies to improve proficiency.

Predict meanings of unfamiliar words using context clues and prefixes and suffixes.

Make inferences.

Support and refute arguments.

Summarize reading passages.

IV. Language Function:

Predict consequences.

Use English to illustrate, persuade, argue, and infer.

Use adverbial clauses of concession. ("unless" "although")

Recognize and use verbs in present, past, future, progressive, and conditional tenses.

Recognize and use passive voice.

Recognize and use modals related to past events.

V. Writing:

Produce descriptive and narrative paragraphs using proper punctuation.

Expand and combine simple sentences by adding and modifying words, clauses, and phrases.

Write complete, expanded persuasive paragraphs.

VI. Overall Goal:

To develop proficiency in reading, writing, listening, and speaking domains of the English language sufficient for progressing to a mainstream English course

ELP Standard 2: The Language of Language Arts, Formative



		Level 1 Enterin	Level 2 Beginnin	Level 3 Developin	Level 4 Expandin	Level 5 Bridging	
	Example Genre Comedies	Identify examples of comedic situations based on oral statements and visual scenes with a partner	Match oral descriptions to literal visual depictions to elicit comedy (e.g., idioms, as in literal depiction of 'honeymoon') with a partner	Apply oral descriptions that contain double meanings to visual representations to depict comedy with a partner	Identify comedic elements from oral discourse and visuals (e.g., use of hyperbole, irony, or satire) with a partner	Match comedic elements from oral discourse to intended meanings identify and make	
	Example Topic Satire	Recognize intonation patterns of speech working with a partner (e.g., statements, questions)	Identify intonation remarks working with a partner (e.g., tag questions, "You didn't do your homework, <i>did you</i> ?")	Compare intonation satirical/non- satirical speech working with a partner	Identify satire or speech from intonation patterns working with a partner	Analyze speech to inferences from satire	Level 6-
SPEAKING	Example Genre Multicultural world literature	Give examples of literature from native cultures using visuals or graphic organizers (e.g., books, poems, short stories) in literature circles using L1 or L2	Summarize examples of story lines from native cultures using visuals or graphic organizers (e.g., outlines) in literature circles using L1 or L2	Compare/contrast features of similar story lines (e.g., characters, events) from different cultures using visuals or graphic organizers in literature circles	Compare authors' points of view of similar story lines from different cultures using visuals or graphic organizers	Discuss how different views in multicultural literature represent global perspectives	
SPEA	Example Topic Character developme nt	State facts about characters in visuals with L1 support	Describe personalities of characters in visuals with L1 support	Compare character assets and flaws using visuals or graphic organizers with L1 support	Discuss, with examples, character development using visuals or graphic organizers	Critique, with detailed examples, character development in literary works	

		Level 1 Enterin	Level 2 Beginnin	Level 3 Developin	Level 4 Expandin	Level 5 Bridgin	
READ ING	Example Genre Autobiographical & biographical narratives	Associate familiar people with their acts or contributions using visuals and word or phrase level text in L1 or L2 in small groups	Identify influences (e.g., people or events) on familiar people's lives using visuals and sentence-level text in L1 or L2 in small groups	Match cause of influences on familiar people's lives with effect using visuals and multi- sentence text in small groups	Interpret impact of familiar people's lives on others or society using visuals and paragraph- level text in small groups	Predict people's reactions to living in different time periods or circumstances using grade-level text (e.g., "What would Martin Luther King, Jr. think if he lived today?")	
	Example Topic Bias	Identify facts (as non- biased information) from visually supported phrases or sentences and share with a partner	Sort information as biased or not biased using models or illustrated criteria and share with a partner	Identify evidence of bias in various texts using models or criteria and share with a partner	Critique information in regard to bias from various sources including Web sites using models or criteria and share with a partner	Evaluate validity of information in regard to bias from various sources, including Web sites	Le
	Example Genre Critical commentar y	Reproduce comments on various topics from visually supported sentences from newspapers or Web sites	Produce comments on various topics from visually supported paragraphs from newspapers or Web sites	Summarize critical commentaries from visually supported newspaper, Web site or magazine articles	Respond to critical commentaries by offering claims and counter-claims from visually supported newspaper, Web site or magazine articles	Provide critical commentary commensurate with proficient peers on a wide range of topics and sources	Level 6-
	Example Topic	Take notes on key symbols, words or phrases from visuals pertaining to discussions	List key phrases or sentences from discussions and models (e.g., on the board or from overhead projector)	Produce sentence outlines from discussions, lectures or readings	Summarize notes from lectures or readings in paragraph form	Produce essays based on notes from lectures or readings	
	Conventions & mechanics	Copy key points about language learning (e.g., use of capital letters for days of week and months of year) and check with a partner	Check use of newly acquired language (e.g., through spell or grammar check or dictionaries) and share with a partner	Reflect on use of newly acquired language or language patterns (e.g., through self-assessment checklists) and share with a partner	Revise or rephrase written language based on feedback from teachers, peers and rubrics	Expand, elaborate and correct written language as directed	

ELP Standard 2: The Language of Language Arts, Formative Framework



		Level 1 Enterin	Level 2 Beginnin	Level 3 Developin	Level 4 Expandin	Level 5 Bridging	
LISTENIN	Example Genre Comedies	Identify examples of comedic situations based on oral statements and visual scenes	Match oral descriptions to literal visual depictions to elicit comedy (e.g., idioms as in literal depiction of 'honeymoon')	Apply oral descriptions that contain double meanings to visual representations to depict comedy	Identify subtle comedic elements from oral discourse and visuals (e.g., use of hyperbole, irony or satire)	Match subtle comedic elements from oral discourse to intended meanings	
ΓΙ	Example Topic Multiple meaning s	Identify examples of high-frequency words or phrases with multiple meanings from visuals (e.g., dinner <i>table</i> , <i>Table</i> of Contents)	Pair examples of use of words or phrases with multiple meanings from visuals (e.g., "Which one shows what <i>table</i> means in math class? Which one shows what <i>table</i> means in	Sort examples of words, phrases or sentences with multiple meanings from visuals according to context	Distinguish between examples of words, phrases or sentences with multiple meanings from oral input with or without visual support	Infer nuances from oral discourse containing multiple meanings	Level 6-
1,000	Example Genre Multicultural world literature	Give examples of literature from native cultures using visuals or graphic organizers	Summarize examples of story lines from native cultures using visuals or graphic organizers (e.g., outlines)	Compare/contrast features of similar story lines (e.g., characters, events) from different cultures using visuals or graphic organizers	Compare authors' points of view of similar story lines from different cultures using visuals or graphic	Discuss how different views in multicultural literature represent global perspectives	
	Example Topic Analogies / Symbolis m	State information using visual support as a precursor for identifying symbolism or analogies	Restate or paraphrase information that contains symbolism or analogies using visual support	Relate analogies or symbolism using visual support (e.g., cartoons) to personal experiences	Discuss or extend analogies or symbolism within familiar contexts using visual support	Explain meaning of analogies or symbolism within familiar contexts	

		Level 1 Enterin	Level 2 Beginnin	Level 3 Developin	Level 4	Level 5 Bridging
Fx	ample Genre	Associate people	Identify influences	Match cause of	Expandin Interpret impact of	Bridging Predict people's
Aut & bio	tobiographical ographical rratives	Associate people with their acts or contributions using visuals and word or phrase level text	on people's lives using visuals and sentence- level text	influences on people's lives with effect using visuals and multi- sentence text	others or society using visuals and paragraph-level text	reactions to living in different time periods or circumstances using grade-level text
Ex	ample Topic	Identify words and	Identify main ideas	Identify main ideas	Interpret author's	Apply author's
	thor's rspective/	phrases related to author's	related to author's perspective in visually supported	and supporting details related to	perspective in visually supported	perspective in literary text to other contexts
Po vie	int of ew	perspective in visually supported sentences	series of related sentences	author's perspective in visually supported paragraphs	literary text	other contexts
Ex	ample Genre	Reproduce critical	Produce critical	Summarize critical	Respond to critical	Provide critical
	ritical mmentar	statements on various topics from	comments on various topics from	commentaries on issues from illustrated	commentaries by offering claims and	commentary on a wide range of
У		illustrated models or outlines	illustrated models or outlines	models or outlines	counter-claims on a range of issues from illustrated models or outlines	issues commensurate with proficient peers
Ex	ample Topic	Produce literal words	Express ideas using	Use examples of	Elaborate on	Compose
Lit &	teral	or phrases from illustrations or	literal language from illustrations or	literal and figurative language in context	examples of literal and figurative	narratives using literal and
fig	urativ	cartoons and	cartoons and	from illustrations or	language with or without illustrations	figurative

WRITING

e languag e Level 6-

New Jersey Student Learning Standards for English Language Arts

Grades 11-12

The standards define general, cross-disciplinary literacy expectations that must be met for students to be prepared to enter college and workforce training programs ready to succeed. The K–12 grade-specific standards define end-of-year expectations and a cumulative progression designed to enable students to meet college and career readiness expectations no later than the end of high school.

Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards, retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades, and work steadily toward meeting the more general expectations described by the standards.

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standards for Reading

NJSLSA.R1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

NJSLSA.R2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

NJSLSA.R3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

NJSLSA.R4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

NJSLSA.R5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

NJSLSA.R6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

NJSLSA.R7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

NJSLSA.R8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

NJSLSA.R9. Analyze and reflect on how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

NJSLSA.R10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently with scaffolding as needed.

Note on range and content of student reading

To become college and career ready, students must grapple with works of exceptional craft and thought whose range extends across genres, cultures, and centuries. Such works offer profound insights into the human condition and serve as models for students' own thinking and writing. Along with high-quality contemporary works, these texts should be chosen from among seminal U.S. documents, the classics of American literature, and the timeless dramas of Shakespeare. Through wide and deep reading of literature and literary nonfiction of steadily increasing sophistication, students gain a reservoir of literary and cultural knowledge, references, and images; the ability to evaluate intricate arguments; and the capacity to surmount the challenges posed by complex texts.

Grades 11-12

Progress Indicators for Reading Literature

Key Ideas and Details

RL.11-12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).

Craft and Structure

RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including

figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaningand tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.) RL.11-12.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RL.11-12.7. Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (e.g., Shakespeare and other authors.)

RL.11-12.8. (Not applicable to literature)

RL.11-12.9. Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RL.11-12.10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level or above.

Grades 11-12

Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text, and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

Craft and Structure

RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including

figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

RI.11-12.5. Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

RI.11-12.8. Describe and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. and global texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., *The Federalist*, presidential addresses).

RI.11-12.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance for their themes, purposes and rhetorical features, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RI.11-12.10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above.

Anchor Standards for Writing

Text Types and Purposes

NJSLSA.W1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

NJSLSA.W2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

NJSLSA.W3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

NJSLSA.W4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

NJSLSA.W5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

NJSLSA.W6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

NJSLSA.W7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects, utilizing an inquirybased research process, based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

NJSLSA.W8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.

NJSLSA.W9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

NJSLSA.W10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Note on range and content in student writing

To build a foundation for college and career readiness, students need to learn to use writing as a way of offering and supporting opinions, demonstrating understanding of the subjects they are studying, and conveying real and imagined experiences and events. They learn to appreciate that a key purpose of writing is to communicate clearly to an external, sometimes unfamiliar audience, and they begin to adapt the form and content of their writing to accomplish a particular task and purpose. They develop the capacity to build knowledge on a subject through research projects and to respond analytically to literary and informational sources. To meet these goals, students must devote significant time and effort to writing, producing numerous pieces over short and extended time frames throughout the year.

Grades 11-12

Progress Indicators for Writing

Text Types and Purposes

W.11-12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

- A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
- D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.11-12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

- A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
- E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

Production and Distribution of Writing

W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

W.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

W.11-12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. (MLA or APA Style Manuals).

W.11-12.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

A. Apply *grades 11–12 Reading standards* to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").

B. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., *The Federalist*, presidential addresses]").

Range of Writing

W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.

Anchor Standards for Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

NJSLSA.SL1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

NJSLSA.SL2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

NJSLSA.SL3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

NJSLSA.SL4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

NJSLSA.SL5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

NJSLSA.SL6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Note on range and content of student speaking and listening

To build a foundation for college and career readiness, students must have ample opportunities to take part in a variety of rich, structured conversations—as part of a whole class, in small groups, and with a partner. Being productive members of these conversations requires that students contribute accurate, relevant information; respond to and develop what others have said; make comparisons and contrasts; and analyze and synthesize a multitude of ideas in various domains.

New technologies have broadened and expanded the role that speaking and listening play in acquiring and sharing knowledge and have tightened their link to other forms of communication. Digital texts confront students with the potential for continually updated content and dynamically changing combinations of words, graphics, images, hyperlinks, and embedded video and audio.

Grades 11-12

Progress Indicators for Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on *grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues,* building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.
- B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g. student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.
- C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
- D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.

SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.

SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

SL.11-12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Anchor Standards for Language Conventions of Standard English

NJSLSA.L1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

NJSLSA.L2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

NJSLSA.L3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

NJSLSA.L4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

NJSLSA.L5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

NJSLSA.L6. Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Note on range and content of student language use

To build a foundation for college and career readiness in language, students must gain control over many conventions of standard English grammar, usage, and mechanics as well as learn other ways to use language to convey meaning effectively. They must also be able to determine or clarify the meaning of grade-appropriate words encountered through listening, reading, and media use; come to appreciate that words have nonliteral meanings, shades of meaning, and relationships to other words; and expand their vocabulary in the course of studying content. The inclusion of Language standards in their own strand should not be taken as an indication that skills related to conventions, effective language use, and vocabulary are unimportant to reading, writing, speaking, and listening; indeed, they are inseparable from such contexts.

Grades 11-12

Progress Indicators for Language

Conventions of Standard English

L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.

L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

- A. Observe hyphenation conventions.
- B. Spell correctly.

Knowledge of Language

L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

A. Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.

L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on *grades 11–12 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., *conceive, conception, conceivable*).
- C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
- D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

- A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.
- B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.

L.11-12.6. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards for Technology

INTRODUCTION

Technology in the 21st Century

Technology is uniquely positioned to transform learning, to foster critical thinking, creativity, and innovation, and to prepare students to thrive in the global economy. As engaged digital learners, students are able to acquire and apply content knowledge and skills through active exploration, interaction, and collaboration with others across the globe, challenging them to *design the future* as envisioned in the statements that follow:

Mission: *Technology enables students to solve real world problems, enhance life, and extend human capability* **as they meet the challenges of a dynamic global society.**

Vision: The systematic integration of technology across the curriculum and in the teaching and learning process fosters a population that leverages 21st century resources to:

Apply information-literacy skills to access, manage, and communicate information using a range of emerging technological tools.

Think critically and creatively to solve problems, synthesize and create new knowledge, and make informed decisions that affect individuals, the world community, and the environment. Gain enhanced understanding of global interdependencies as well as multiple cultural perspectives, differing points of view, and diverse values.

Employ a systemic approach to understand the design process, the designed world, and the interrelationship and impact of technologies.

Model digital citizenship.

Intent and Spirit of the Technology Standards

All students acquire content area knowledge and skills in: (1) Visual and Performing Arts, (2) Comprehensive Health and Physical Education, (3) Language Arts Literacy, (4) Mathematics, (5) Science, (6) Social Studies, (7) World Languages, (8) Educational Technology, Technology Education, Engineering, and Design, and (9) 21st Century Life and Careers. As they do so, they are supported by the ongoing, transparent, and systematic integration of technology from preschool to grade 12 in preparation for postsecondary education and the workplace.

In Preschool, technology offers versatile learning tools that can support children's development in all domains. For example, electronic storybooks can "read" stories to children in multiple languages; adventure games foster problem-solving skills; story-making programs encourage literacy and creativity; math-related games can help children count and classify; and science activities promote inquiry and an understanding of the world through the eyes of a child. When preschoolers are encouraged to work together with electronic devices and computers, social skills are tapped as children negotiate turn-taking. However, technology should not replace the concrete, real-life experiences that are critical to a young child's learning; it must always be used in balance with other meaningful activities and routines. Technology should be embedded into children's learning centers and should enhance their learning and development during choice time as well as in small-group experiences.

In grades K-2, students are formally introduced to the basic features and functions of computers and demonstrate understanding that technology enables them to communicate beyond the classroom on a variety of topics. K -2 students are also exposed to elements of the design process, design systems, and a variety of technology resources, and understand the importance of safety when using technological tools.

In grades 3 -4, students understand the purpose of, and are able to use, various computer applications. They continue to develop information-literacy skills and increasingly use technology to communicate with others in support of learning, while also recognizing the need for cyber safety and acceptable use policies. Students in grades 3-4 also investigate the impact of technology systems, understand the design process, and use it for problem solving.

In grades **5-8**, students expand their capacity to use operations and applications, apply information-literacy skills, and select the appropriate tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks, as they develop digital citizenship. As students participate in online learning communities, collaborating in the design of products that address local and global issues across the curriculum, they build understanding of the perspectives of learners from other countries. Students at this level can apply the design process in the development of products; understand impact constraints, trade-offs, and resource selection; and solve a design challenge and/or build a prototype using the design process. Students can explain why human-designed systems, products, and environments need to be monitored, maintained, and improved, and they recognize the interdependence of subsystems as parts of a system.

In grades **9-12**, students demonstrate advanced computer operation and application skills by publishing products related to real-world situations (e.g., digital portfolios, digital learning games and simulations), and they understand the impact of unethical use of digital tools. They collaborate adeptly in virtual environments and incorporate global perspectives into problem solving at home, at school, and in structured learning experiences, with the growing realization that people in the 21st century are interconnected economically, socially, and environmentally and have a shared future.

High School Specialization in technology enables students to design, create, and reverseengineer technology products or systems, document the application of the design process, and understand its impact—including ethical considerations, costs, trade-offs, risks, benefits, and choice of resources. Students develop products that address local and global issues and challenges, which are disseminated for peer review.

Revised Standards

The 2009 standards provide the foundation for creating local curricula and authentic performance assessments and emulate the philosophy and goals contained in documents produced by national technology organizations, including the Partnership for the 21st Century Skills and the *New Jersey Educational Technology Plan*. The organization of the strands in standards 8.1 and 8.2, as

well as the content and skills within each strand, has been reconceptualized to address emerging technologies and technological applications that are needed for life and work in the global age.

Standard 8.1, Educational Technology, is aligned to the *International Society for Technology in Education* (ISTE) standards and the *Partnership for the 21st Century Skills* framework. Standard 8.2, formerly Technology Education, is renamed Technology Education, Engineering, and Design and is aligned with the goals of the *International Technology Education Association* (ITEA) and the Partnership for 21st Century Skills framework.

National, International, and State Advocacy

The Partnership for 21st Century Skills, ISTE, and the *American Association of School Libraries* (AASL) provide leadership and service to improve teaching and learning by advancing the effective use of technology in education. The ITEA promotes technological literacy by supporting the teaching of technology. The *Consortium for School Networking* (CoSN) is an organization for K-12 technology leaders who use technology strategically to improve learning.

At the state level, the *New Jersey Technology Education Association* (NJTEA) fosters the development of technological literacy through Technology Education Programs. The *New Jersey Association for Educational Technology* (NJAET) and the *New Jersey Educational Computing Cooperative* (NJECC), Inc., promote and support the integration of technology in education as it applies to student learning, professional development, and instructional planning.

Resources

American Association of School Librarians. (2007). *Standards for the 21st century learner*. Online: *http://www.aasl.org*

International Society for Technology in Education. (2002). *National educational technology standards for administrators*. Online:

http://www.iste.org/Content/NavigationMenu/NETS/ForAdministrators/2009Standards/NETS_forAdministrators_2009.htm

International Society for Technology in Education. (2007). National educational technology standards for students (2nd Ed.). Online: http://www.iste.org/Content/NavigationMenu/NETS/ForStudents/2007Standards/NETS_f

or_Students_2007.htm

International Society for Technology in Education. (2008). *National educational technology standards for teachers* (2nd Ed.). Online:

http://www.iste.org/Content/NavigationMenu/NETS/ForTeachers/2008Standards/NETS_for_Teachers_2008.htm

International Technology Education Association. (2003). Advancing excellence in technological literacy: Student assessment, professional development, and program standards. Online: http://www.iteaconnect.org/TAA/PDFs/AETL.pdf

International Technology Education Association. (2007). *Standards for technological literacy*. Online: *http://www.iteaconnect.org/TAA/PDFs/xstnd.pdf*

Partnership for 21st Century Skills. (2005). **Framework for 21st century learning.** Online: <u>http://www.21stcenturyskills.org</u>

Content A	∂v					
Standard	8.1 Educational Technology	: All students will	l use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in			
	order to solve problems indiv	order to solve problems individually and collaboratively and to create and communicate knowledge.				
Strand	A. Technology Operations an	d Concepts				
By the						
end of	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)			
grade						
	The use of technology and	8.1.12.A.1	Construct a spreadsheet, enter data, and use mathematical or logical functions			
	digital tools requires knowledge		to manipulate data, generate charts and graphs, and interpret the results.			
	and appropriate use of operations	8.1.12.A.2	Produce and edit a multi-page document for a commercial or professional			
	and related applications.		audience using desktop publishing and/or graphics software.			
12		8.1.12.A.3	Participate in online courses, learning communities, social networks, or			
			virtual worlds and recognize them as resources for lifelong learning.			
		8.1.12.A.4	Create a personalized digital portfolio that contains a résumé, exemplary			
			projects, and activities, which together reflect personal and academic			
			interests, achievements, and career aspirations.			

Content Ar	ea Technology	Technology			
Standard	Standard 8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information				
	order to solve problems individ	ually and colla	boratively and to create and communicate knowledge.		
Strand	B. Creativity and Innovation				
By the	By the				
end of	end of Content Statement		Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
grade					
	The use of <i>digital too<u>ls</u></i> and	8.1.12.B.1	Design and pilot a <i>digital learning game</i> to demonstrate knowledge and skills		
12	media-rich resources enhances		related to one or more content areas or a real world situation.		
12	creativity and the construction of				
	knowledge.				

Content A	rea Technology	Technology				
Standard	8.1 Educational Technology:	8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in				
	order to solve problems indivi-	dually and colla	boratively and to create and communicate knowledge.			
Strand	C. Communication and Collaboration					
By the						
end of	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)			
grade						
12	<i>Digital tools</i> and environments support the learning process and foster collaboration in solving local or global issues and problems.	8.1.12.C.1	Develop an innovative solution to a complex, local or global problem or issue in collaboration with peers and experts, and present ideas for feedback in an online community.			

Content Ar	ea Technology	Technology				
Standard	Standard 8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information					
	order to solve problems indivi	order to solve problems individually and collaboratively and to create and communicate knowledge.				
Strand	D. Digital Citizenship					
By the end of	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)			
grade	Technological advancements	8.1.12.D.1	Evaluate policies on unauthorized electronic access (e.g., hacking) and			
	create societal concerns	0.1.12.D.1	disclosure and on dissemination of personal information.			
	regarding the practice of safe,	8.1.12.D.2	Demonstrate appropriate use of copyrights as well as fair use and Creative			
12	legal, and ethical behaviors.		Commons guidelines.			
		8.1.12.D.3	Compare and contrast international government policies on filters for			
			censorship.			
		8.1.12.D.4	Explain the impact of cyber crimes on society.			

Content Ar	ea Technology	Technology			
Standard	8.1 Educational Technology:	8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in			
	order to solve problems indivi	order to solve problems individually and collaboratively and to create and communicate knowledge.			
Strand	E. Research and Information Literacy				
By the					
end of	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
grade					
	Effective use of <i>digital tools</i>	8.1.12.E.1	Develop a systematic plan of investigation with peers and experts from other		
	assists in gathering and		countries to produce an innovative solution to a state, national, or worldwide		
12	managing information.		problem or issue.		
		8.1.12.E.2	Predict the impact on society of unethical use of digital tools, based on		
			research and working with peers and experts in the field.		

Content Ar	ea	Technology			
Standard		8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in			
		order to solve problems individually and collaboratively and to create and communicate knowledge.			
Strand		F. Critical Thinking, Problem	Solving, and De	cision-Making	
By the end of		Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
grade					
	the	ormation accessed through use of <i>digital tools</i> assists in	8.1.12.F.1	Select and use specialized databases for advanced research to solve real-world problems.	
12	-	erating solutions and making isions.	8.1.12.F.2	Analyze the capabilities and limitations of <i>current and emerging technology resources</i> and assess their potential to address educational, career, personal,	
				and social needs.	
Content Ar	ea	Technology			
Standard			0	nd Design: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact sign, and the designed world, as they relate to the individual, global society,	

Strand	and A. Nature of Technology: Creativity and Innovation			
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
12	Technology products and systems		Design and create a technology product or system that improves the quality of life and identify trade-offs, risks, and benefits.	

Content Area		Technology	[
Standard8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, and Design: All students will develop an understanding of the of technology, engineering, technological design, and the designed world, as they relate to the individual design.				
		and the environment.		
Strand		B. Design: Critical Thinkin	g, Problem Solv	ving, and Decision-Making
By the end of		Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
grade				
	sys	e design process is a tematic approach to solving blems.	8.2.12.B.1	Design and create a product that maximizes conservation and sustainability of a scarce resource, using the design process and entrepreneurial skills throughout the design process.
12			8.2.12.B.2	Design and create a prototype for solving a global problem, documenting how the proposed design features affect the feasibility of the prototype through the use of engineering, drawing, and other technical methods of illustration.
			8.2.12.B.3	Analyze the full costs, benefits, trade-offs, and risks related to the use of technologies in a potential career path.

Content Area		Technology		
Standard			nd Design: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact sign, and the designed world, as they relate to the individual, global society,	
Strand		C. Technological Citizenship, Ethics, and Society		
By the end of grade		Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
	hun	owledge and understanding of nan, cultural, and societal ues are fundamental when	8.2.12.C.1	Analyze the ethical impact of a product, system, or environment, worldwide, and report findings in a <i>web-based publication</i> that elicits further comment and analysis.
12		igning technology systems products in the global	8.2.12.C.2	Evaluate ethical considerations regarding the sustainability of resources that are used for the design, creation, and maintenance of a chosen product.
	SOC	iety.	8.2.12.C.3	Evaluate the positive and negative impacts in a design by providing a digital overview of a chosen product and suggest potential modifications to address

the negative impacts.

Content Area		Technology				
Standard		8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, and Design: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact				
		of technology, engineering, technological design, and the designed world, as they relate to the individual, global society,				
		and the environment.				
Strand		D. Research and Information	on Fluency			
By the						
end of		Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
grade						
			8.2.12.D.1	<i>Reverse-engineer</i> a product to assist in designing a more eco-friendly version,		
		earch, data analysis, and		using an analysis of trends and data about renewable and sustainable		
		rediction provide the basis for		materials to guide your work.		
	the e	e effective design of technology				
	systems.					

Content Area		Technology				
Standard		8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, and Design: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact				
		of technology, engineering, technological design, and the designed world, as they relate to the individual, global society,				
		and the environment.				
Strand		E. Communication and Collaboration				
By the end of		Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
grade						
0		tal tools facilitate local and	8.2.12.E.1	Use the design process to devise a technological product or system that		
10	U	al communication and		addresses a global issue, and provide documentation through drawings, data,		
12	colla	boration in designing		and materials, taking the relevant cultural perspectives into account		
	prod	ucts and systems.		throughout the design and development process.		

Content Area		Technology				
Standard		8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, and Design: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact				
		of technology, engineering, technological design, and the designed world, as they relate to the individual, global society,				
		and the environment.				
Strand	-	F. Resources for a Technolo	gical World			
By the						
end of		Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
grade						
		nological products and	8.2.12.F.1	Determine and use the appropriate application of resources in the design,		
		ms are created through the		development, and creation of a technological product or system.		
10	appli	cation and appropriate use of	8.2.12.F.2	Explain how material science impacts the quality of products.		
12	techr	nological resources.	8.2.12.F.3	Select and utilize resources that have been modified by digital tools (e.g.,		
				CNC equipment, CAD software) in the creation of a technological product or		
				system.		

Content Area	Technology
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Standard		8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, and Design: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, and the designed world, as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment.		
Strand		G. The Designed World		
By the end of grade		Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
12	proo prov resc	designed world is the duct of a design process that vides the means to convert burces into products and ems.	8.2.12.G.1	Analyze the interactions among various <i>technologies</i> and collaborate to create a product or system demonstrating their interactivity.

Glossary:

Basic technology terms for preschool: Examples digital camera, battery, screen, computer, Internet, mouse, keyboard, and printer.

Controversial issue: For example, global warming, scarcity of water, alternative energy sources, election campaigns.

Current and emerging technology resources: For example, cell phones, GPS, online communities using wikis,

blogs, vlogs, and/or Nings.

Data-collection technology: For example, probes, handheld devices, and geographic mapping

systems. Digital learning game: For example, Alice, Lively.

Developmentally appropriate: Students' developmental levels prescribe the learning environment and activities that are used.

Digital tools for grade 2: For example, computers, digital cameras, software..

Digital tools for grades 4, 8, and 12: For example, computers, digital cameras, probing devices, software, cell phones,

GPS, online communities, VOIP, and virtual conferences.

Electronic authoring tools: Software that facilitates online book development (e.g., multimedia electronic

book). Mapping tools: For example, Google earth, Yahoo maps, and Google maps.

Media-rich: Multiple forms of digital applications in one product (e.g., graphic design, word processing, and spreadsheet).

Multimedia presentation: For example, movie, podcast, vlog.

Online discussion: UNICEF, Oracle, i-Earn, blogs, wikis.

Online learning community: For example, i-Earn, Ning, blogs, wikis, Second Life.

Operations and related applications: For example, saving a word processing file to a network drive, printing a

spreadsheet. Reverse engineer: To isolate the components of a completed system.

Shared hosted services: For example, podcasts, videos, or vlogs.

Technologies: Medical, agricultural, and related biotechnologies, energy and power technologies, information and

communications technologies, transportation technologies, manufacturing technologies, and construction technologies.

Virtual environments: For example, games, simulations, websites, blogs.

Web-based publication: For example, web pages, wikis, blogs, ezines

Scope and Sequence ESL English Composition Level IV

Unit / Title	# of Days
Writing Sample-Pre Assessment	2
Unit 1 – Double Take	20
Unit 2- Against the Odds	15
Unit 3 – Ties That Bind	20
Unit 4 – Express Yourself	15
Midterm	1
Novel: Animal Farm	15
Final Exam	2
Total Days:	90

ESL

UNIT/PACING CHART

Course: ESL English Composition Level IV

Essential Question: When do you really know someone?

TEACHER'S ASSESSMENTS TIMELINE WIDA/NJSLS **SKILLS/ CONTENT** STUDENT LEARNING **GUIDE/SUPPLEMENTAL** (Formative/Summative) **OBJECTIVES: MATERIALS** 5 days Unit Title: Double Take Name of Resource and Page #'s • Reading Selection Quiz Suggested Assessments Students will be able to: Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing Teacher-created quizzes 0 and Language: Level C Homework 0 Texts: Classwork 0 "The Moustache" pp.11-24 Teacher- created EDGE Interactive Practice Book 0 "The Moustache" pp. 11-24 entrance and exit slips **Objective**(s) Literary Analysis: Conflict p. 8 Rubrics 0 0 ELP 9-12.2.R1.4 match cause of influences on Make and Confirm Predictions p. Short essays 0 0 familiar people's lives using visuals Open-ended questions 9 0 and multi-sentence text in small Selection Review pg 10 0 Writing about Literature p. 15 groups. 0 ELP 9-12.2.R2.4 interpret author's perspective in Analyze Setting p. 16 0 visually supported literary text. Prefixes p.17 0 take notes on keys symbols, words, ELP 9-12.2.W1.1 or phrases from visuals The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online ELP 9-12.2.W1.4 summarize notes from lectures or Resources readings in paragraph form. www.hbedge.net ELP 9-12.2.W3.3 use examples of literal and figurative Online lesson planner language in context from Interactive teacher's edition illustrations or word banks. Professional development videos ELP 9-12.2.W3.4 elaborate on examples of literal and eAssessment reports and refigurative language with or without teaching resources visuals.

ELP 9-12.2.W3.5	compose narratives using literal and	Rubrics
	figurative language.	
ELP 9-12.2.L1.3	compare intonation patterns of	EDGE Grammar and Writing
	satirical/non-satirical speech	Practice Book pp. 1-34
	working with a partner.	
ELP 9-12.2.L1.4		
	from intonation patterns working	
	with a partner.	
ELP 9-12.2.L1.5	analyze speech to identify and make	
	inferences from satire.	
ELP 9-12.2.L2.4	distinguish between examples of	
	words, phrases, or sentences with	
	multiple meanings from oral input	
	with or without visual support.	
ELP 9-12.2.S2.4	discuss or extend analogies or	
	symbolism within familiar contexts	
	using visual support.	
ELP 9-12.2.S2.5	explain meaning of analogies or	
	symbolism within familiar contexts.	
RL.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to	
	support inferences drawn from the	
	text, including determining where	
	the text leaves matters uncertain.	
RL.11-12.2	determine two or more themes of a	
	text; provide an objective summary	
	of the text.	
DI 11 12 2	analyze the impact of author's	
RL.11-12.3	choices regarding how to develop	
DI 11 12 4	and relate elements of a story.	
RL.11-12.4	determine figurative and connotative	
	meanings of words; analyze the	
	impact of specific words on meaning	
	and tone, including words with	
	multiple meanings or language that	
	is engaging.	

	RL.11-12.10 W.11-12.3 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.10 SL.11-12.1 L.11-12.5	read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems. write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using well-chosen details and sequences, and build toward a particular tone or outcome. develop and strengthen writing as needed by revising, editing, and rewriting. write routinely over extended and shorter time frames for a range of tasks, audiences, and purposes. initiate and participate in collaborative discussion, including working with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision- making. demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.		
2 days		Texts: "Who We Really Are" pp. 27-30	Hampton-Brown Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C	Unit 1 Cluster 2 Test Suggested Assessments • Teacher-created quizzes
	ELP 9-12.2.R1.2	Objective(s) sort information as biased or not biased using models or illustrated criteria.	<i>Edge Interactive Practice Book</i> "Who We Really Are" pp. 27-30 • Literary Analysis: Conflict p. 8	 Homework Classwork Teacher- created entrance and exit slips
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.3	identify main ideas and supporting details related to author's perspective in visually supported details.	 Make and Confirm Predictions p. 9 Selection Review pg 10 	Writing assignmentsRubrics

ELP 9-12.2.W	1.1 take notes on key symbols, words, or	• Writing about Literature p. 15
	phrases from visuals.	
ELP 9-12.2.W	1	• Analyze Setting p. 16
	offering claims/counter-claims from	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online
	visually supported newspaper, Web	Resources
	site, or magazine article.	www.hbedge.net
ELP 9-12.2.W	3.1 produce literal words or phrases	 Online lesson planner
	from illustrations.	• Interactive teacher's edition
ELP 9-12.2.L	.2 match oral descriptions to literal	0
	visual depictions (to elicit comedy	Profession
	e.g., idioms)	al development videos
ELP 9-12.2.L	2.1 identify examples of high-frequency	 eAssessment reports and re-
	words or phrases with multiple-	teaching resources
	meanings from visuals.	• Rubrics
ELP 9-12.2.S		
	similar story line from different	EDGE Grammar and Writing
	cultures using visuals or graphic	Practice Book pp. 1-34
	organizers.	
	discuss how views in multicultural	
ELP 9-12.2.82	1 8	
	perspectives	
RI.11-12.4	determine figurative, connotative,	
	and technical meanings	
RI.11-12.10	1 5	
W 11 10 0	nonfiction.	
W.11-12.3	write narratives to develop real or	
	imagined experiences or events	
	using well-chosen details and	
	sequences, and build toward a	
SL.11-12.1	particular tone or outcome. initiate and participate in	
SL.11-12.1	collaborative discussions, including	
	working with peers to promote civil,	
	democratic discussions and decision-	
	making.	
	шакшу.	

	L.11-2.4	determine the meaning of unknown words using context, patterns of word changes, and reference materials.		
3 days	ELP 9-12.2.R1.4 ELP 9-12.2.R2.4 ELP 9-12.2.W1.1 ELP 9-12.2.W1.4 ELP 9-12.2.W3.3 ELP 9-12.2.W3.4 ELP 9-12.2.W3.5 ELP 9-12.2.L1.3 ELP 9-12.2.L1.4 ELP 9-12.2.L1.5	Texts: "Two Kinds" pp. 39-56 Objective(s) match cause of influences on familiar people's lives using visuals and multi-sentence text in small groups. interpret author's perspective in visually supported literary text. take notes on keys symbols, words, or phrases from visuals summarize notes from lectures or readings in paragraph form. use examples of literal and figurative language in context from illustrations or word banks. elaborate on examples of literal and figurative language with or without visuals. compose narratives using literal and figurative language. compare intonation patterns of satirical/non-satirical speech working with a partner. identify satire or inferences in speech from intonation patterns working with a partner. analyze speech to identify and make	 Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level B EDGE Interactive Practice Book "Two Kinds" pp. 39-56 Literary Analysis: Conflict p. 8 Make and Confirm Predictions p. 9 Selection Review pg 10 Writing about Literature p. 15 Analyze Setting p. 16 The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online Resources www.hbedge.net Online lesson planner Interactive teacher's edition Professional development videos eAssessment reports and reteaching resources Rubrics EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice Book pp. 1-34 	Suggested Assessments • Teacher-created quizzes • Homework • Classwork • Teacher- created entrance and exit slips • Writing assignments • Rubrics
		inferences from satire.		

ELP 9	-12.2.L2.4 distinguish between examples f	
	words, phrases, or sentences with	
	multiple meanings from oral input	
	with or without visual support.	
ELP 9	-12.2.S2.4 discuss or extend analogies or	
>	symbolism within familiar contexts	
	using visual support.	
ELP 9	-12.2.S2.5 explain meaning of analogies or	
	symbolism within familiar contexts.	
RL	.11-12.1 cite strong textual evidence to	
	support inferences drawn from the	
	text, including determining where	
	the text leaves matters uncertain.	
RL	.11-12.3 analyze the impact of author's	
	choices regarding how to develop	
	and relate elements of a story.	
RL	.11-12.4 determine figurative and connotative	
	meanings of words; analyze the	
	impact of specific words on meaning	
	and tone, including words with	
	multiple meanings or language that	
	is engaging.	
RL.	11-12.10 read and comprehend literature,	
	including stories, dramas, and	
	poems.	
W.	11-12.3 use examples of literal and figurative	
	language in context from	
	illustrations or word banks.	
W.	11-12.7 conduct short and sustained research	
	projects to answer a question or	
	solve a problem.	
W.	11-12.9 draw evidence to support analysis,	
	reflection, and research of	
	foundational American works.	

2 days EL EI EI	SL.11-12.6 L.11-12.4 L.11-12.6 LP 9-12.2.W2.5 LP 9-12.2.L1.5 LP 9-12.2.S2.1	democratic discussions. adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tests using standard formal English. determine the meaning of unknown words using context, patterns of word changes, and reference materials. acquire and use academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for college and career level. Texts: "Novel Musician" pp.59-62 Objective(s) expand, elaborate, and correct written language as directed. analyze speech to identify and make inferences name examples of high-frequency words or phrases with multiple meanings from visuals	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C EDGE Interactive Practice Book "Novel Musician" • Selection Review p. 26 • Vocabulary Study p. 29 The Teacher's Edge Teacher's Online Resources- www.hbedge.net • Online lesson planner	Suggested Assessments • Teacher-created quizzes • Homework • Classwork • Teacher- created entrance and exit slips • Writing assignments • Rubrics
EI		inferences name examples of high-frequency words or phrases with multiple meanings from visuals explain examples of words, phrases,	The Teacher's Edge Teacher's Online Resources- www.hbedge.net • Online lesson planner • Interactive teacher's edition	
	RI.11-12.1	or sentences with multiple meanings form oral input with or without visual support. cite strong textual evidence to support inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters unclear.	 Professional development videos eAssessment reports and reteaching resources. Rubrics EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice Book pp.1-34 	

	RI.11-12.4 RI.11-12.10 L.11-12.3 L.11-12.6 SL.11-12.1	determine figurative, connotative, and technical meanings of words and phrases; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of key terms. read and comprehend literary nonfiction. understand how language functions in different contexts, make effective stylistic choices, vary syntax for effect, and comprehend more fully when reading or listening. acquire and use academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for college and career level. initiate and participate in collaborative discussions, including		
5 days		working with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions. Texts: "Nicole" & "One" pp.90-96	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C	Suggested Assessments • Teacher-created quizzes
	ELP 9-12.2.R1.4	Objective(s) match cause of influences on familiar people's lives using visuals and multi-sentence text in small groups.	 EDGE Interactive Practice Book "Nicole" Selection Review p. 38 Greek and Latin Roots p. 41 Key Vocabulary Review pp. 42- 	 Homework Classwork Teacher- created entrance and exit slips Writing assignments Rubrics
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.4 ELP 9-12.2.W1.1	interpret author's perspective in visually supported literary text. take notes on keys symbols, words, or phrases from visuals	43 The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online Resources	

1	ELP 9-12.2.W1.4	summarize notes from lectures or	www.hbedge.net
	LLF 9-12.2. W 1.4		
		readings in paragraph form.	• Online lesson planner
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.3	use examples of literal and figurative	 Interactive teacher's edition
		language in context from	0
		illustrations or word banks.	Profession
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.4	elaborate on examples of literal and	al development videos
		figurative language with or without	 eAssessment reports and re-
		visuals.	teaching resources
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.5	compose narratives using literal and	• Rubrics
		figurative language.	
	ELP 9-12.2.L1.3	compare intonation patterns of	EDGE Grammar and Writing
		satirical/non-satirical speech	Practice Book pp. 1-34
		working with a partner.	
	ELP 9-12.2.L1.4	identify satire or inferences in speech	
		from intonation patterns working	
		with a partner.	
	ELP 9-12.2.L1.5	analyze speech to identify and make	
	LLI 9-12.2.L1.3	• •	
.		inferences from satire.	
	ELP 9-12.2.L2.4	distinguish between examples of	
		words, phrases, or sentences with	
		multiple meanings from oral input	
		with or without visual support.	
	ELP 9-12.2.S2.4	discuss or extend analogies or	
		symbolism within familiar contexts	
		using visual support.	
	ELP 9-12.2.S2.5	explain meaning of analogies or	
		symbolism within familiar contexts.	
	RL.11-12.2	determine two or more themes of a	
		text; provide an objective summary.	
	RL.11-12.4	determine figurative and connotative	
		meanings of words; analyze the	
		impact of specific words on meaning	
		and tone, including words with	
		multiple meanings or language that	
		is engaging.	
		is engaging.	

	RL.11-12.10 W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 SL.11-12.1 L.11-12.3 L.11-12.6	read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems. produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. develop and strengthen writing as needed by revising, editing, and rewriting. initiate and participate in collaborative discussions, including working with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions. understand how language functions in different contexts, make effective stylistic choices, vary syntax for effect, and comprehend more fully when reading or listening. acquire and use academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for college and career level.		
5 days		Texts: "Skins" pp.71-81 Objective(s) match cause of influences on	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C EDGE Interactive Practice Book	Unit 1 Test Suggested Assessments o Teacher-created quizzes o Homework
	ELP 9-12.2.R1.4	familiar people's lives using visuals and multi-sentence text in small groups.	 "Skins" Prepare to Read Vocabulary pp. 30-31 	 Classwork Teacher- created entrance and exit slips
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.4	interpret author's perspective in	o Literary Analysis p. 32	• Writing assignments

	visually supported literary text.	• Clarify Vocabulary p. 33	• Rubrics
ELP 9-12.2.W1.1	take notes on keys symbols, words,	• Selection Review p. 34	
	or phrases from visuals	• Writing about Literature p. 39	
ELP 9-12.2.W1.4		• Literary Analysis pp. 40-41	
	readings in paragraph form.	C Enerary Analysis pp. 40-41	
	use examples of literal and figurative	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	
ELP 9-12.2.W3.3	language in context from	Resources	
	illustrations or word banks.	www.hbedge.net	
	elaborate on examples of literal and	• Online lesson planner	
ELP 9-12.2.W3.4	figurative language with or without	 Interactive teacher's edition 	
	visuals.	0	Professional development videos
ELP 9-12.2.W3.5	compose narratives using literal and	 eAssessment reports and re- 	
	figurative language.	teaching resources	
ELP 9-12.2.L1.3	compare intonation patterns of	• Rubrics	
	satirical/non-satirical speech		
	working with a partner.	EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice	
ELP 9-12.2.L1.4	identify ire or inferences in speech	Book pp. 1-3	
	from intonation patterns working		
ELP 9-12.2.L1.5	with a partner.		
	analyze speech to identify and make		
	inferences from satire.		
ELP 9-12.2.L2.4	distinguish between examples of		
	words, phrases, or sentences with		
	multiple meanings from oral input		
	with or without visual support.		
ELP 9-12.2.S2.4	∂		
	symbolism within familiar contexts		
	using visual support.		
ELP 9-12.2.S2.5			
	symbolism within familiar contexts.		
RL.11-12.2	determine two or more themes of a		
	text; provide an objective summary.		
RL.11-12.4	determine figurative and connotative		
	meanings of words; analyze the		
	impact of specific words on meaning		

	and tong including words with	
	and tone, including words with	
	multiple meanings or language that	
	is engaging.	
RL.11-12.10	read and comprehend literature,	
	including stories, dramas, and	
	poems.	
W.11-12.4	produce clear and coherent writing in	
	which the development,	
	organization, and style are	
	appropriate to task, purpose, and	
	audience.	
W.11-12.5	develop and strengthen writing as	
	needed by revising, editing, and	
	rewriting.	
SL.11-12.1	initiate and participate in	
	collaborative discussions, including	
	working with peers to promote civil,	
	democratic discussions.	
L.11-12.3	understand how language functions	
1.11-12.5	in different contexts, make effective	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	stylistic choices, vary syntax for	
	effect, and comprehend more fully	
T 11 12 (when reading or listening.	
L.11-12.6	acquire and use academic and	
	domain-specific words and phrases	
	sufficient for college and career	
	level.	

ESL

UNIT/PACING CHART

Course: ESL English Composition Level 4 Unit: 2 Essential Question: How do people challenge expectations?

TIMELINE	WIDA/NJSLS	SKILLS/ CONTENT STUDENT LEARNING	TEACHER'S GUIDE/SUPPLEMENTAL	ASSESSMENTS
		OBJECTIVES:	MATERIALS	
5 days		Unit Title: Against the Odds	Name of Resource and Page #'s	• Unit 2 Cluster 1 Suggested Assessments
		Students will be able to:	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C	 Teacher-created quizzes Homework
		Texts:		 Classwork
		"La Vida Robot" pp. 127-149	<i>EDGE Interactive Practice Book</i> "La Vida Robot"	• Teacher- created entrance and exit slips
		Objective (s)	 Literary Analysis p. 46 	• Writing assignments
	ELP 9-12.2.R1.3	identify bias in various texts using models or criteria and	 Identify Main Ideas and Details p. 47 	• Rubrics
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.4	share with a partner. interpret author's perspective in visually supported literary text.	 Selection Review pp. 48-49 Literary Analysis: Analogy and Allusion p. 54 Vocabulary Study p. 55 	
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.5	apply author's perspective in literary text to other contexts.	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	
	ELP 912.2.W1.5	produce essays based on notes from lectures or readings.	Resources www.hbedge.net	
	ELP 9- 12.2.W2.3	reflect on use of newly acquired language or language patterns and share with a 48	 Online lesson planner Interactive teacher's edition Professional development 	
		partner.	videos	

ELP 9-	compose narratives using	o eAssessment reports and	
12.2.W3.5	literal and figurative language.	re-teaching resources	
ELP 9-12.2.S2.2	summarize examples of story	• Rubrics	
	lines from native cultures using		
	visuals or graphic organizers.	EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice	
ELP 9-12.2.S1.4	discuss, with examples,	<i>Book</i> pp. 35-68	
	character development using		
	visuals or graphic organizers.		
ELP 9-12.2.L1.1	recognize different intonation		
	patterns of speech working		
	with a partner.		
RI.11-12.6	analyze how style and content		
	contribute to the power,		
	persuasiveness, or beauty of		
	the text.		
RI.11-12.7	integrate multiple sources of		
	information presented in		
	different media to address a		
	question.		
RI.11-12.10	read and comprehend literary		
	nonfiction.		
W.11-12.3	write narratives to develop real		
	or imagined experiences or		
	events using well-chosen		
	details and sequences, and		
	build toward a particular tone		
	or outcome.		
W.11-12.7	conduct short or sustained		
	research projects to answer a		
	question or solve a problem.		
S.11-12.1	initiate and participate in		
	collaborative discussions,		
	including working with peers		
	to promote civil, democratic		
	discussions.		

5 days		Texts:	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading,	Suggested Assessments
		"My Left Foot" pp. 161-172 "Success Is a Mind Set" pp. 174-	Writing and Language: Level C	Teacher-created quizzeHomework
		178	<i>EDGE Interactive Practice Book</i> "My Left Foot"	ClassworkTeacher- created
		Objective(s)	• Literary Analysis p. 58	entrance and exit slips
	ELP 9-12.2.R1.3	identify evidence of bias in various texts using models or	• Summarize p. 59	• Writing assignments
		criteria and share with a	• Selection Review pp. 60-61	• Rubrics
		partner.	"Success Is a Mind Set"	
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.3	5	• Selection Review p. 66	
		supporting details related to the	• Writing About Literature p. 67	
		author's perspective in visually	 Literary Analysis p. 68 	
		supported paragraphs.	• Vocabulary Study p. 69	
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.1	produce literal words or		
		phrases from illustrations or	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	
		cartoons and word banks.	Resources	
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.5	compose narratives using	www.hbedge.net	
		literal and figurative language.	• Online lesson planner	
	ELP 9-12.2.L1.4	identify satire or inferences in	 Interactive teacher's edition Professional 	
		speech from intonation patterns	 Professional development videos 	
		working with a partner.	 eAssessment reports and re- 	
	ELP 9-12.2.L2.5	infer nuances from oral	teaching resources	
		discourse containing multiple	• Rubrics	
	ELP 9-12.2.S2.4	meanings. discuss or extend analogies or		
	LLI 7-12.2.02.4	symbolism within familiar	EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice	
		contexts using visual support.	<i>Book</i> pp. 35-68	
	RI.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to		
	N1,11 ⁻ 12,1	support inferences drawn from		
		the text, including determining		
		where the text leaves things		
		unclear.		

DI 11 10 0	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
RI.11-12.2	determine two or more central		
	ideas of a text; provide an		
	objective summary of the text.		
RI.11-12.6	analyze how style and content		
	contribute to the power,		
	persuasiveness, or beauty of a		
	text.		
W.11-12.3			
VV.11-12.3	write narratives to develop real		
	or imagined experiences or		
	events using well-chosen		
	details and sequences, and		
	build toward a particular tone		
	or outcome		
W.11-12.5	develop and strengthen writing		
	as needed by revising, editing,		
	and rewriting.		
W.11-12.7	conduct short and sustained		
***.11-12.7	research projects to answer a		
	~ ~		
GL 11 10 1	question or solve a problem.		
SL.11-12.1	initiate and participate in		
	collaborative discussions,		
	including working with peers		
	to promote civil, democratic		
	discussions.		
SL.11-12.3	evaluate a speaker's point of		
	view, reasoning, and use of		
	evidence, assessing the stance,		
	premise, and tone used.	1	
L.11-12.4			
L.11-12.4	determine the meaning of		
	unknown words using context,		
	patterns of word changes, and	1	
	reference materials.		

5 days ELP 9-12.2.R1.5 ELP 9-12.2.R2.4 ELP 9- 12.2.W3.3 ELP 9-12.2.W1.3 ELP 9-12.2.L1.4 ELP 9-12.2.L1.4 ELP 9-12.2.S1.5 ELP 9-12.2.S1.5 ELP 9-12.2.S2.4 RI.11-12.3	speech from intonation patterns working with a partner.	 Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C Edge Interactive Practice Book "The Freedom Writer's Diary" Literary Analysis p. 72 Reading Strategy p. 73 Selection Review p. 74 Analyze Point of View p. 78 Vocabulary Study p. 79 Key Vocabulary Study pp. 80- 81 EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice Book pp. 35-68 The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online Resources www.hbedge.net Online lesson planner Interactive teacher's edition Professional development videos eAssessment reports and re- teaching resources Rubrics 	Unit 2 Test Suggested Assessments • Teacher-created quizzes • Homework • Classwork • Teacher- created entrance and exit slips • Writing assignments • Rubrics
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DI 11 10 5	1 1 1 1	
RI.11-12.5	analyze and evaluate the	
	effectiveness of an author's	
	argument.	
RI.11-12.10	determine figurative,	
	connotative, and technical	
	meanings of words and	
	phrases; analyze how an author	
	uses and refines the meaning of	
	key terms.	
W.11-12.3	write narratives to develop real	
	or imagined experiences or	
	events using well-chosen	
	details and sequences, and	
	build toward a particular tone	
	or outcome	
W.11-12.5	develop and strengthen writing	
	as needed by revising, editing,	
	and rewriting.	
W.11-12.7	conduct short and sustained	
**•11-14•/	research projects to answer a	
	question or solve a problem.	
W.11-12.10		
W.11-12.10	write routinely over extended and shorter time frames for a	
	range of tasks, audiences, and	
GT 11 1A 1	purposes.	
SL.11-12.1	initiate and participate in	
	collaborative discussions,	
	including working with peers	
	to promote civil, democratic	
	discussions.	
L.11-12.4	determine the meaning of	
	unknown words using context,	
	patterns of word changes, and	
	reference materials.	
	acquire and use academic and	

domain-specific words and	1	
L.11-12.6 phrases sufficient for college		
and career level.		

ESL

UNIT/PACING CHART

Course: ESL English Composition Level 4

Essential Question: What tests a person's loyalty?

TIMELINE	WIDA/NJSLS	SKILLS/ CONTENT	TEACHER'S	ASSESSMENTS
		STUDENT LEARNING	GUIDE/SUPPLEMENTAL	
		OBJECTIVES:	MATERIALS	
10 days		Unit Title: Ties That Bind	Name of Resource and Page #'s	Unit 3 Cluster 1 Quiz Unit Workshop (Option)
		Students will be able to:	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading,	Suggested Assessments
		Texts:	Writing and Language: Level C	 Teacher-created quizzes Homework
		"Amigo Brothers" pp.237-252	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	• Classwork
		"Lean On Me" pp. 254-255	Resources www.hbedge.net	• Teacher- created entrance and exit slips
		Objective (s)	• Online lesson planner	• Writing assignments
	ELP 9-12.2.R1.3	identify evidence of bias in various texts using models or criteria and share with a partner.	 Interactive teacher's edition Professional development videos 	• Rubrics
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.3	identify main ideas and supporting details related to the author's perspective in visually supported paragraphs.	 eAssessment reports and re- teaching resources Rubrics 	
	ELP 9-12.2.W1.4	summarize notes from lectures or readings in paragraph form.	EDGE Interactive Practice Book "Amigo Brothers"	
	ELP 9-12.2.W2.5	expand, elaborate, and correct written language as directed. 55	 Literary Analysis p. 84 Make Inferences p. 85 	
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.4	elaborate on examples of literal	• Selection Review pp. 86-87	

	and figurative language with or		
	without illustrations.	"Lean on Me"	
RL.11-12.3	analyze a complex set of ideas	• Selection Review p. 90	
	or sequence of events and	• Write About Lit p. 91	
	explain how they develop over	• Literary Analysis p. 92	
	the course of a text.	 Word Families p. 93 	
RI.11-12.4	determine figurative,		
	connotative, and technical	EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice	
	meanings of words and phrases;	<i>Book</i> pp. 69-102	
	analyze how an author uses and		
	refines the meaning of key		
	terms.		
W.11-12.3	write narratives to develop real		
	or imagined experiences or		
	events using well-chosen details		
	and sequences, and build toward		
	a particular tone or outcome		
W.11-12.5	develop and strengthen writing		
	as needed by revising, editing,		
	and rewriting.		
L.11-12.5	demonstrate understanding of		
1.11-12.5	figurative language, word		
	relationships, and nuance in		
	-		
L.11-12.6	word meanings.		
L.11-12.0	acquire and use academic and		
	domain-specific words and		
	phrases sufficient for college		
CL 11 10 0	and career level.		
SL.11-12.2	integrate multiple sources of		
	information presented in diverse		
	formats and media to make		
	decisions and solve problems.		
SL.11-12.4	present information, findings,		
	and evidence in a clear and		
	organized manner, such that		

	SL.11-12.3	alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed. evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence, assessing the stance, premise, and tone used.		
5 days		Texts: "My Brother's Keeper" pp.265-283	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C	Problem-Solution Report (History Connection) Suggested Assessments
		Objective(s)	EDGE Interactive Practice Book	• Teacher-created quizzes
	ELP 9-12.2.R1.3	identify evidence of bias in	"My Brother's Keeper"	• Homework
		various texts using models or	• Literary Analysis p. 96	• Classwork
		criteria and share with a partner.	• Make Inferences p. 97	• Teacher- created
	ELP 9-12.2.R2.3	identify main ideas and	• Selection Review pp. 98-99	entrance and exit slips
		supporting details related to the	• Word Families p. 105	• Writing assignments
		author's perspective in visually		• Rubrics
		supported paragraphs.	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	
	ELP 9-12.2.W1.4	summarize notes from lectures	Resources	
	FLD0 12 2 W2 5	or readings in paragraph form.	www.hbedge.net	
	ELP 9-12.2.W2.5	expand, elaborate, and correct written language as directed.	 Online lesson planner Interactive teacher's edition 	
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.4	elaborate on examples of literal	 Professional development 	
		and figurative language with or	videos	
		without illustrations.	 eAssessment reports and re- 	
	ELP 9-12.2.S1.5	critique, with detailed examples,	teaching resources	
		character development in	\circ Rubrics	
		literary works.		
	RL.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to	EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice	
		support inferences drawn from	<i>Book</i> pp.69-102	
		the text, including determining		
		where the text leaves matters		
		uncertain.		
	RL.11-12.2	determine two or more themes		

	l a		
	of a text; provide an objective		
	summary of the text.		
RL.11-12.3	analyze a complex set of ideas		
	or sequence of events and		
	explain how they develop over		
	the course of a text.		
RL.11-12.5	analyze how author's choices		
	concerning structure contribute		
	to meaning and aesthetic.		
W.11-12.4	produce clear and coherent		
VV.11-12.4			
	writing in which the		
	development, organization, and		
	style are appropriate to task,		
	purpose, and audience.		
L.11-12.3	understand how language		
	functions in different contexts,		
	make effective stylistic choices,		
	vary syntax for effect, and		
	comprehend more fully when		
	reading or listening.		
SL.11-12.4	present information, findings,		
	and evidence in a clear and		
	organized manner, such that		
	alternative or opposing		
	perspectives are addressed.		
I	4	1	1

	Texts:	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading,	Unit 3 Test
5 days	"Hand of Fatima" pp. 297-317	Writing and Language: Level B	Suggested Assessments
	"Old Ways, New World" pp.319-		 Teacher-created quizze
	322	EDGE Interactive Practice Book	 Homework
		"Hand of Fatima"	 Classwork
	Objective(s)	• Prepare to Read Vocabulary pp.	• Teacher- created
ELP 9-12.2.R1		106-107	entrance and exit slips
	bias from various sources	 Literary Analysis p. 108 	 Writing assignments
	including Web sites using	• Make Inferences p. 109	\circ Rubrics
	models or criteria and share	 Selection Review p. 110 	
	with a partner.		
ELP 9-12.2.R2		"Old Ways, New World"	
	literary text to other contexts.	• Selection Review p. 114	
ELP 9-12.2.W1	1	• Write about Literature p. 115	
	from lectures or readings.	• Literary Analysis: Symbolism	
ELP 9-12.2.W2	1 7 7	p. 116 Vegebuleru Studure, 117	
	written language as directed.	• Vocabulary Study p. 117	
ELP 9-12.2.W3		• Key Vocabulary Review	
	literal and figurative language.	pp. 118-119	
ELP 9-12.2.S2.		The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	
	or symbolism within familiar	Resources	
	contexts.	www.hbedge.net	
ELP 9-12.2.L2.		• Online lesson planner	
	words, phrases or sentences	 Online lesson planet Online lesson planet 	
	with multiple meanings from	teacher's edition	
	oral input with or without visual	 Professional development 	
	support.	videos	
RL.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to	• eAssessment reports and	
	support inferences drawn from	re-teaching resources	
	the text, including determining	• Rubrics	
	where the text leaves matters		
	uncertain.	EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice	
RL.11-12.4	determine figurative and	Book pp.69-102	
	connotative meanings of words;		
	analyze the impact of specific		

	mondo ou moonino ou d to	
	words on meaning and tone,	
	including words with multiple	
	meanings or language that is	
	engaging.	
RI.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to	
	support inferences drawn from	
	the text, including determining	
	where the text leaves things	
	unclear.	
W.11-12.2	write informative/explanatory	
	texts to examine and convey	
	complex ideas, concepts, and	
	information.	
W.11-12.4	produce clear and coherent	
	writing in which the	
	development, organization, and	
	style are appropriate to task,	
	purpose, and audience.	
L.11-12.5		
L.11-12.5	demonstrate understanding of	
	figurative language, word	
	relationships, and nuance in	
	word meanings.	
SL.11-12.1	initiate and participate in	
	collaborative discussions,	
	including working with peers to	
	promote civil, democratic	
	discussions.	

ESL

UNIT/PACING CHART

Course: ESL English Composition Level 4

Essential Question: What does it mean to really communicate?

TIMELINE WIDA/NJSLS **SKILLS/ CONTENT TEACHER'S** ASSESSMENTS STUDENT LEARNING **GUIDE/SUPPLEMENTAL OBJECTIVES: MATERIALS Unit Title: Express Yourself** 5 days Name of Resource and Page #'s Suggested Assessments • Teacher-created Students will be able to: Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, quizzes Writing and Language: Level C Homework 0 Text: 0 Classwork "Face Facts" pp. 353-360 EDGE Interactive Practice Book Teacher- created 0 "Silent Language" pp. 363-368 "Face Facts" entrance and exit slips • Prepare to Read Vocabulary pp. Short Essays 0 **Objective**(s) Open-ended questions 120-121 0 identify evidence of bias in Literary Analysis p. 122 ELP 9-12.2.RI.2 0 Rubrics 0 various texts using models or Reading Strategy: Self-0 Ouestion p. 123 criteria and share with a partner. ELP 9-12.2.RI.5 apply author's perspective in Selection Review p. 124 0 Selection Review p. 130 literary text to other contexts. 0 ELP 9-12.2.W2.4 revise or rephrase written "Silent Language" language based on feedback from teachers, peers, and rubrics. Write About Literature p. 131 0 ELP 9-12.2.W3.5 compose narratives using literal Literary Analysis: Literary 0

	and figurative language.	Paradox p. 132
ELP 9-12.2.L2.5	infer nuances from oral discourse	• Vocabulary Study: Multiple-
	containing multiple meanings.	Meaning Words p. 133
ELP 9-12.2.S2.4	discuss or extend analogies or	
	symbolism within familiar	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online
	contexts using visual support.	Resources
RI.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to	www.hbedge.net
	support inferences drawn from the	• Online lesson planner
	text, including determining where	 Interactive teacher's
	the text leaves things unclear.	edition
RI.11-12.2	determine two or more central	 Professional development
	ideas of a text; provide an	videos
	objective summary of the text.	• eAssessment reports and
RI.11-12.7	integrate multiple sources of	re-teaching resources
	information presented in different	• Rubrics
	media to address a question.	EDCE Cramman and Writing
W.11-12.3	write narratives to develop real or	EDGE Grammar and Writing
	imagined experiences or events	Practice Book pp. 103-136
	using well-chosen details and	
	sequences, and build toward a	
	particular tone or outcome	
L.11-12.2	demonstrate command of standard	
	English capitalization,	
	punctuation, and spelling; observe	
	hyphenation conventions.	
L.11-12.6	acquire and use academic and	
	domain-specific words and	
	phrases sufficient for college and	
	career level.	
SL.11-12.1	initiate and participate in	
	collaborative discussions,	
	including working with peers to	
	promote civil, democratic	
	discussions.	
SL.11-12.2	integrate multiple sources of	

		information presented in diverse formats and media to make decisions and solve problems.		
5 days		Unit Title: Express Yourself Texts:	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading, Writing and Language: Level C	Suggested Assessments • Teacher-created quizzes
		"They Speak for Success" pp. 377-387 "Breaking the Ice" pp. 389-393	 EDGE Interactive Practice Book "They Speak for Success" Prepare to Read Vocabulary 	 Homework Classwork Teacher- created
	ELP 9-12.2.RI.2	Objective(s) identify evidence of bias in various texts using models or criteria and share with a partner.	 pp. 134-135 Literary Analysis: Examples p. 136 Reading Strategy p. 137 	 entrance and exit slips Short essays Written assignments Rubrics
	ELP 9-12.2.RI.5	apply author's perspective in literary text to other contexts.	 Selection Review p. 138 	
	ELP 9-12.2.W2.4	revise or rephrase written language based on feedback from teachers, peers, and rubrics.	 "Breaking the Ice" Selection Review p. 142 Write About Literature p. 143 	
	ELP 9-12.2.W3.5	compose narratives using literal and figurative language.	 Ville About Electado p. 143 Literary Analysis: Flashback p. 144 	
	ELP 9-12.2.L1.3	apply oral descriptions that contain double meanings to visual representations to depict comedy	• Vocabulary Study: Jargon p. 145	
	ELP 9-12.2.L2.5	with a partner. infer nuances from oral discourse containing multiple meanings.	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online Resources www.hbedge.net	
	ELP 9-12.2.S2.4	discuss or extend analogies or symbolism within familiar contexts using visual support.	 Online lesson planner Interactive teacher's edition Professional development 	
	RI.11-12.2	determine two or more central ideas of a text; provide an objective summary of the text.	 videos eAssessment reports and re- teaching resources 	
	RI.11-12.3	analyze a complex set of ideas or	• Rubrics	

	sequence of events and explain	EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice	
	how they develop over the course	Book pp. 103-136	
	of a text.	<i>book</i> pp. 105 150	
W.11-12.2	write informative /explanatory		
VV.11-12.2	.		
	texts to examine and convey		
	complex ideas, concepts, and		
	information.		
W.11-12.10	write routinely over extended and		
	shorter time frames for a range of		
	tasks, audiences, and purposes.		
L.11-12.3	understand how language		
	functions in different contexts,		
	make effective stylistic choices,		
	vary syntax for effect, and		
	comprehend more fully when		
	reading or listening.		
SL.11-12.1	initiate and participate in		
51.11-12.1	collaborative discussions,		
	including working with peers to		
	promote civil, democratic		
	discussions.		
ST 11 12 (
SL.11-12.6	adapt speech to a variety of		
	contexts and tasks using standard,		
	formal English.		
			Unit Test
6 days	Unit Title: Express Yourself	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading,	Suggested Assessments
		Writing and Language: Level C	• Teacher-created
	Texts:		quizzes
	"My English" pp. 403-411	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	• Homework
	"How I Learned English" pp.412-414	Resources	• Classwork
		www.hbedge.net	• Teacher- created
		• Online lesson planner	entrance and exit slips
		• Interactive teacher's edition	

ELP 9-12.2.R1.5	Objective(s)	• Professional development videos	• Writing assignments
	evaluate validity of information in	• eAssessment reports and re-	• Rubrics
ELP 9-12.2.R2.3	regard to bias from various sources, including Web sites. identify main ideas and supporting details related to author's perspective in visually supported	teaching resources Rubrics EDGE Interactive Practice Book "My English" 	• Short essays
ELP 9-12.2.L1.5	paragraphs. analyze speech to identify and make inferences from satire.	 Prepare to Read Vocabulary pp. 146-147 Literary Analysis: 	
ELP 9-12.2.Sl.3	compare character assets and flaws using visuals or graphic organizers with L1 support.	 Chronological Order p. 148 Reading Strategy p. 149 Selection Review pp. 	
RL.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to support inferences drawn from the	150-151 "How I Learned English"	
RL.11-12.3	text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how they develop over the	 Selection Review p. 154 Write About Literature p. 155 Literary Analysis p. 156 Vocabulary Study p. 157 	
RL.11-12.4	course of a text. determine figurative and connotative meanings of words; analyze the impact of specific words on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language	 Key Vocabulary Review Pp. 158-159 EDGE Grammar and Writing Practice Book pp. 103-136 	
RL.11-12.7	that is engaging. analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem, evaluating how each version interprets the source text		
RI.11-12.2	interprets the source text. determine two or more central ideas of a text; provide an objective summary of the text.		

ELP 9-12.2.R1.5	evaluate validity of information		
	in regard to bias from various		
	sources, including Web sites.		
ELP 9-12.2.R2.3	identify main ideas and		
	supporting details related to		
	author's perspective in		
	visually supported paragraphs.		
ELP 9-12.2.L1.5	analyze speech to identify and		
	make inferences from satire.		
ELP 9-12.2.Sl.3	compare character assets and		
	flaws using visuals or graphic		
	organizers with L1 support.		
RL.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to		
	support inferences drawn from the		
	text, including determining where		
	the text leaves matters uncertain.		
RL.11-12.3	analyze a complex set of ideas or		
	sequence of events and explain		
	how they develop over the		
	course of a text.		
RL.11-12.4	determine figurative and		
	connotative meanings of		
	words; analyze the impact of		
	specific words on meaning and		
	tone, including words with		
	multiple meanings or language		
	that is engaging.		
RL.11-12.7	analyze multiple interpretations		
	of a story, drama, or poem,		
	evaluating how each version		
DI 11 12 2	interprets the source text.		
RI.11-12.2	determine two or more central		
	ideas of a text; provide an		
	objective summary of the text.	L	

ESL

UNIT/PACING CHART

Course: ESL English Composition Level 4

Essential Question: Does power always corrupt?

TIMELINE	CCCS/WIDA	SKILLS/ CONTENT	TEACHER'S	ASSESSMENTS
		OBJECTIVES:	GUIDE/SUPPLEMENTAL	
			MATERIALS	
17 days		Unit Title: Novel Project	Name of Resource and Page #'s	 Unit Test – Novel
				 Suggested Assessments
		Students will be able to:	Hampton-Brown, Edge Reading,	• Teacher-created
			Writing and Language: Level C	quizzes
		Texts: "Animal Farm" by George		 Homework
		Orwell	Animal Farm by George Orwell	 Classwork
				• Teacher- created
		Objectives:	The Teaching Edge Teacher's Online	entrance and exit slips
	ELP 9-12.2.W2.4	revise or rephrase written	Resources	• Rubrics
		language based on feedback from	www.hbedge.net	• Short essays
		teachers, peers, and rubrics.	 Online lesson planner 	 Persuasive essay
	ELP 9-12.2.W.2.5	expand, elaborate, and correct	• Interactive teacher's edition	
		written language as directed.	• Professional development videos	
	ELP 9-12.2.S2.1	high	 eAssessment reports and re- 	
	ELP 9-12.2.S2.4	discuss or extend analogies or	teaching resources	
		symbolism with familiar contexts	• Rubric	
		using visual support.		
	ELP 9-12.2.S2.5	discuss how different views in	www.hbedge.net	
		multicultural literature represent	• Online student journals-Animal	

	alahal nama atiwa a	
ELP 9-12.2.W1.4	global perspectives.	Farm
ELF 9-12.2.W1.4	take notes on key symbols, words	• Online teacher journal
	or phrases from visuals pertaining	• Assessments
	to discussions.	
ELP 9-12.2.W2.1	copy key points about language	
	learning and check with a partner.	
ELP 9-12.2.W2.2	reflect on use of newly acquired	
	language and share with a	
	partner.	
ELP 9-12.2.W3.4	elaborate on examples of literal	
	and figurative language with or	
	without illustrations.	
ELP 9-12.2.W3.5	compose narratives using literal	
	and figurative language.	
ELP 9-12.2.L1.4	identify satire or inferences in	
	speech from intonation patterns	
	working with a partner.	
ELP 9-12.2.L1.5	analyze speech to identify and	
	make inferences from satire.	
ELP 9-12.2.L2.4	discuss or extend analogies or	
	symbolism within familiar	
	contexts using visual support.	
ELP 9-12.2.S2.5	explain meaning of analogies or	
	symbolism within familiar	
	contexts.	
RL.11-12.1	cite strong textual evidence to	
	support inferences drawn from	
	the text, including determining	
	where the text leaves matters	
	uncertain.	
RL.11-12.2	determine two or more themes of	
	a text; provide an objective	
	summary of the text.	
RL.11-12.4	determine figurative and	
	connotative meanings of words;	

	analyze the impact of specific	
	words on meaning and tone,	
	including words with multiple	
	meanings or language that is	
	engaging.	
RL.11-12.6	distinguish what is directly stated	
	in a text from what is meant.	
RL.11-12.7	analyze multiple interpretations	
	of a story, drama, or poem,	
	evaluating how each version	
	interprets the source text.	
RL.11-12.10	read and comprehend literature,	
	including stories, dramas, and	
	poems.	
W.11-12.2	write informative/explanatory	
	texts to examine and convey	
	complex ideas, concepts, and	
	information.	
W.11-12.4	produce clear and coherent	
	writing in which the	
	development, organization, and	
	style are appropriate to task,	
	purpose, and audience.	
W.11-12.5	develop and strengthen writing as	
	needed by revising, editing, and	
	rewriting.	
W.11-12.6	use technology to produce writing	
	projects, including new	
	arguments or information.	
W.11-12.10	write routinely over extended and	
VV 111 12.1V	shorter time frames for a range of	
	tasks, audiences, and purposes.	
L.11-12.1	demonstrate command of	
L.11-14.1		
	standard English grammar and	
	usage	

L.11-12.4	determine the meaning of	
	unknown words using context,	
	patterns of word changes and	
	reference materials.	
L.11-12.5	demonstrate understanding of	
	figurative language, word	
	relationships, and nuance in word	
	meanings.	
SL.11-12.1	initiate and participate in	
51.11-12.1	collaborative discussions,	
	including working with peers to	
	promote civil, democratic	
	discussions.	
SL.11-12.2	integrate multiple sources of	
51.11-12.2	information presented in diverse	
	formats and media to make	
SL.11-12.3	decisions and solve problems. evaluate a speaker's point of	
SL.11-12.3		
	view, reasoning, and use of evidence, assessing the stance,	
	-	
SL.11-12.4	premise, and tone used.	
SL.11-12.4	present information, findings, and	
	evidence in a clear and organized	
	manner, such that alternative or	
	opposing perspectives are	
	addressed.	

MODIFICATIONS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION/ELL STUDENTS

Instructional Strategies:

- 1. Have high expectations of students.
- 2. Use visuals.
- 3. Extend time requirements.
- 4. Shorten assignments.
- 5. Assign Peer Buddy.
- 6. Use positive reinforcement.
- 7. Use concrete reinforcement.
- 8. Check often for understanding/review.
- 9. Have students repeat directions.
- 10. Teach study skills.
- 11. Give directions in small, distinct steps.
- 12. Use written backup for oral directions.
- 13. Read directions to students.
- 14. Give oral clues and prompts.
- 15. Adapt worksheets.
- 16. Use alternate assignments.
- 17. Use individual/small group instruction
- 18. Use cooperative learning.
- 19. Simplify language.
- 20. Demonstrate concepts.
- 21. Use manipulatives.
- 22. Emphasize critical information.
- 23. Use graphic organizers.
- 24. Pre-teach vocabulary.
- 25. Highlight text/study guides.
- 26. Use bilingual dictionaries.
- 27. Use supplementary material.
- 28. Allow use of computer/word processor.
- 29. Allow students to answer orally.
- 30. Teach to varied learning styles.
- 31. Let student copy notes from teacher or other student.

Materials:

Visuals and graphic organizers

English/Spanish Dictionaries

Assessments:

Allow students to answer orally.

Read test to student.

Modify format.

Write different test.

Shorten length of test.

Require only selected test items.

Create alternate assignment. Modify grading system. Modify weights of course components. Modify course objectives/outcomes. Assess ELL students according to what they can do rather than what they cannot do. Have they shown progress? Make simplified language version of test. Provide word banks. Physical demonstration. Pictorial products.

Use the SIOP Protocol

Clearly define content objectives.

Clearly define language

objectives. Build background.

Emphasize key vocabulary.

Make input comprehensible through adjusted speech and instructional techniques. Scaffold instruction.

Provide opportunities for interaction and sufficient wait time for student responses.

Provide activities that integrate all language skills.

Engage students 90 to 100% of the period.

Provide both summative and formative assessments.

Instructional Materials

Textbooks

Edge Level C- Student's Edition ISBN: 978-0-7362-34542 National Geographic Publishers 2009

Edge Level C Leveled Library Classroom Set ISBN: 978-07362-39707 National Geographic Publishers 2009

Edge Level C Leveled Library Single- Copy Set ISBN: 978-07362-39714

Teacher Resource Material

Edge Level C Teacher's Edition Set ISBN:978-07362-45814

Edge Level C Teacher's Edition – Volume I ISBN:978-07362-34962

Edge Level C Teacher's Edition-Volume 2 ISBN:978-07362-34979

Edge Level C Interactive Practice Book- Teacher's Annotated Edition ISBN: 978-07362-35488

Edge Level C Grammar and Writing Practice Book -Teacher's Annotated Edition ISBN: 978-07362-35525

Edge Level C Teacher's Support Pack with Language & Grammar Transparencies

85511 Edge Level C Teacher's Support Pack with Language & Grammar Lab

12918 Edge Level C Reading & Writing Transparencies

12915 Edge Level C Selection Readings and Fluency Models CDs (3 CDs)

12914 Edge Level C Language & Grammar Transparencies

Edge Level C Language & Grammar Lab Teacher's Edition and Language Models Audio CD

13453

Word Builder CD- ROM 13351
12921
Sound/Spelling Cards 13191
Letter Tiles 5187
Word Tiles 5197
Write-On/Wipe-Off Boards (6 boards and pens) 13192
Language-ESL Department Folder on District network

http://www.hbedge.net/

Student Resource Material

Edge Level C Student Book Edge Level C Student Book e-Edition CD-ROM Edge Level C Interactive Practice Book Edge Level C Grammar and Writing Practice Book

http://www.hbedge.net

Vocabulary Strategies

For Directions and Updates see LAL Department folder on network

Antonyms
Associated Ideas Plus
Concept First
Construct a Word
Discussion
Games
Initial Information
Meaningful Sentence
My Own Glossary
Picture This
Review Activities
Restate
Sentence Completion with Target Words
Synonyms
Vocabulary Journal
Word of the Day
Word Walls
Word Walls (by Academy)
Word Walls (using Morphemes)

Reading Strategies

For Directions and Updates see LAL Department folder on network

Before Reading

Anticipation Guide Checking Out The Framework Conversations Across Time Frame Of Reference QAR: Question-Answer Relationships Reciprocal Teaching

During Reading

Highlighting A Text Annotating A Text **Collaborative Annotation Conversations Across Time Dense Questioning** Frame Of Reference Inferential Reading Interactive Notebook Key Concept Synthesis Listening To Voice Metaphor Analysis Parallel Note-taking **QAR:** Question-Answer Relationships Questions Only RAFT: Role, Audience, Format, Topic **Reciprocal Teaching**

After Reading

Highlighting A Text Annotating A Text Collaborative Annotation Conversations Across Time Dense Questioning Frame Of Reference Inferential Reading Interactive Notebook Key Concept Synthesis Listening To Voice Metaphor Analysis Parallel Note-taking QAR: Question-Answer Relationships Questions Only RAFT: Role, Audience, Format, Topic Reciprocal Teaching

Benchmark Assessments Level IV

Unit 1 ESL English Composition Level IV- UNIT TEST 1

Unit 2 ESL English Composition Level IV- UNIT TEST 2

Unit 3 ESL English Composition Level IV- UNIT TEST 3

Unit 4 ESL English Composition Level IV- UNIT TEST 4

Unit 5-Novel Test ESL English Composition Level IV- UNIT TEST 5

MIDTERM EXAM

FINAL EXAM

All listed assessments' answer keys and writing tasks with rubrics are attached.

Copies of all unit test reading selections are available in the language department folder in order to allow students to annotate the text as they read.

EVALUATIVE NOTES

Name of Course:			

Evaluation by: _____

DATE OF ENTRY	EVALUATIVE NOTES